DIXIE C&H ALLOTMENT2021 ANNUAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Boise National Forest Mountain Home Ranger District

INTRODUCTION

The following information is direction on how livestock management is to be conducted on the Dixie Cattle & Horse (C&H) Allotment for the 2021 grazing season. The Annual Operating Instructions (AOI) are part of your Term Grazing Permit consistent with Part 1, Item 3 and Part 2, Item 8(a), and you are responsible for compliance with this direction.

Situations may develop during the grazing season that could require changes to these instructions. If this becomes necessary, or if you cannot comply with some part of these instructions, contact Brody Duggan (208)587-7867 or Cindy Lancaster at (208)587-7870, and obtain approval before initiating or deviating from your AOI. Failure to obtain prior approval could result in permit action.

The following table displays the permitted numbers and seasons of use for the Dixie Allotment:

Permittee	Allotment	Permitted Number/Class	Permitted Season of Use
Percy Ranch LLC	Dixie- on numbers off numbers	128 cow/calf	06/01 – 10/20
	orr numbers	14 cow/calf	06/01 - 10/20
Jake & Steve Ireland	Dixie- on numbers	128 cow/calf	06/16 - 10/20
	off numbers	58 cow/calf	06/16 - 10/20

For the 2021 grazing season, you are authorized to graze the Dixie Allotment as follows:

Permittee	Allotment	Authorized Number/Class	Authorized Season of Use
Percy Ranch LLC	Dixie- on numbers	128 cow/calf	06/01 - 10/20
	off-numbers	14 cow/calf	06/01 - 10/20
Jake & Steve Ireland	Dixie- on numbers	128 cow/calf	06/16 - 10/20
	off numbers	58 cow/calf	06/16 - 10/20

Some flexibility will be allowed for weather conditions, range readiness and livestock needs. The period of use is also subject to compliance with Forest Plan standards and guidelines and Implementation Monitoring requirements as discussed below. Please review carefully the standards and guides listed.

BILLING INFORMATION

The grazing fee for the 2021 grazing season is \$1.35 per head month for cattle. You will be billed based on the authorized use listed above. Confirmation of payment through the National Finance Center is required and must be received before livestock can enter National Forest System lands. In order to meet this requirement, please ensure that bills for collection are paid by the due date indicated.

If permitted livestock are required to leave an allotment early because utilization standards have been reached, drought conditions persist or other reasons as determined by the Forest Officer, a credit/refund may be requested. This request must be submitted in writing to the District Ranger by December 1, 2021.

LIVESTOCK MANAGEMENT

Livestock may enter the Dixie allotment in the Cow Creek Unit no sooner than June 1 (Percy) and June 16 (Jake and Steve Ireland), where they will remain until utilization standards are met. Percy livestock may also enter the Sproule Flat area on June 1st. Several head will be moved up in groups of approx. 30 to Sproule Flat, it is anticipated water will be a scarce resource this year. Regular herding and riding needs to be done to prevent livestock drift from Sproule Flat into the river corridor. Approximately mid-July, livestock will be moved to the Wilson Flat Unit until utilization standards are met. Frequent riding in Wilson Creek is required to help keep cattle up on Wilson Flat when they are grazing this unit. Cattle will enter the Dixie Unit last this season.

The river corridor along the north side of the South Fork Boise River is not a grazing unit. Cattle are authorized in the river corridor for only two weeks prior to the off-date and are limited to approximately 50 head. Once approximately 50 head accumulate, they are to be gathered and taken off the allotment. If cattle drift into the river corridor any other time during the grazing season, they are to be removed within 3 days. Someone will contact you by phone if the Forest Service becomes aware of the presence of livestock in this area. I appreciate the diligence you have demonstrated in past seasons to comply with the grazing restrictions in this sensitive and popular recreation corridor.

It has been noted in the past year that salt blocks have been left on several allotments after livestock have been removed. Salt blocks or tubs should be moved from unit to unit with livestock and all salt needs to be removed from the allotment at the end of the grazing season. This standard is part of the terms and conditions in your Term Grazing Permit.

You must notify the Forest Service no less than five (5) days prior to livestock being placed on the allotments so that authorized livestock numbers can be verified by district range staff if the Forest Service elects to do so.

STANDARDS AND GUIDES

Close monitoring of utilization levels and diligent removal of livestock when they are reached is critical to ensure compliance with end-of-season utilization standards. Failure to meet these standards may result in the modification of grazing management, including reductions in Head Months or permitted area.

The following standards and guidelines apply to the Dixie Allotment:

Maximum forage utilization of representative areas within each pasture shall not
exceed the values shown below at the end of the growing season. Variation in
utilization standards in order to achieve specific vegetative management
objectives shall occur with a site-specific or project-level decision according to
direction in FSM 1922.5.

<u>Riparian Areas:</u> Maximum 45 percent use or retain a minimum 4-inch stubble height of hydric greenline species, whichever occurs first.

<u>Upland Vegetative Cover Types:</u> Vegetative slow growth, after seed ripe conditions or late season pastures – 50 percent use. (RAST01, p. III-45)

- Livestock salting is prohibited in Riparian Conservation Areas (RCAs). Place salt no closer than ¼ mile from water and not within 100 feet of roads. Move salt from areas where utilization standards have been met. (RAST04, p. III-45)
- All livestock water developments must provide access and escape to and from water for all types of wildlife. (RAST09, p. III-45)
- Bulls must test negative for Trichomoniasis before entering National Forest System lands.
- Only certified weed-free hay and mulch are allowed on National Forest System lands.

IMPROVEMENTS

Please note that all range improvements must be maintained to a proper functioning condition before livestock are placed on each allotment. Failure to do so is a violation of your Term Grazing Permit and is subject to permit action. In the event improvements cannot be practically maintained to standard, you should notify this office so we can identify them for reconstruction as funds become available.

Non-functioning range improvements need to be brought to standard, or arrangements made with district range personnel to have them removed. Abandonment of improvements is not acceptable – if developments are not functioning and are no longer needed, they must be removed. If they are in a location that does not allow for removal, these non-functioning improvements still need to allow for bird and small mammal escape. Metal troughs need to have holes cut in them large enough to allow birds and small mammals to escape from them or be tipped over so that they do not hold water. Tires also need to have holes cut in them, or be popped loose from their cement bottom and propped up slightly on edge, to allow birds and small mammals to escape from them. If none of these options are feasible, a wildlife escape ramp needs to be installed and maintained in the trough.

Wildlife escape ramps need to be installed in tire troughs. These ramps are being supplied by the Forest Service. These ladders should be installed in all tire troughs on the Dixie Allotment. This direction also includes troughs that hold water in the spring but dry up later in the grazing season. Failure to comply could result in adverse action to your permit. Please contact Brody or Cindy as soon as possible if you need to pick up escape ramps.

Cattleguards are no longer considered part of your annual maintenance. It is still your responsibility to inspect cattleguards annually and inform the Forest Service of known problems or maintenance needs on them within your allotment boundaries. This includes, but is not limited to, wing or grate repair or replacement, brush removal, and cleaning.

RIDER OR PERMITTEE INSTRUCTIONS

Off dates for these allotments are considered approximate and will depend on utilization levels. To prevent over-utilization, a concerted effort should be made to distribute cattle over the entire allotment and to effectively graze all suitable areas in that unit. Permitted numbers are based on the premise that active management will occur to effect adequate livestock distribution. Cattle need to be moved before meeting riparian and upland grazing standards. If cattle are allowed to concentrate in riparian areas and water developments without being distributed to unused areas of the allotment, the grazing capacity of the allotment is diminished to those areas only.

Permittee monitoring of utilization levels is not mandatory, but is highly advised since permittees will be held accountable for any failures to meet end-of-season compliance monitoring.

REPORTING

If you are planning to waive your Term Grazing Permit – based on either sale of permitted livestock or base property, please submit this intention to me in writing prior to the transaction.

INSPECTIONS AND MONITORING

Range personnel may conduct utilization monitoring and improvement inspections periodically on your allotments.

COORDINATION AND COOPERATION

Permittees should continue working with their local Wildlife Services representative on depredation issues. The Idaho Department of Fish and Game is responsible for wolf management in Idaho. Any questions you may have regarding wolf management should be directed to Brad Compton (Southwest Region) at (208) 854-8946 or Regan Berkley at (208) 634-8137.

If you suspect a wolf depredation has occurred on your livestock, USDA/APHIS/Wildlife Services (Wildlife Services) should be contacted as soon as possible. The local Wildlife Services contact for this area is Trec Reed. He can be reached at (208) 681-8756. In the

event that you cannot reach Trec, Jared Hedelius should be contacted at the Boise District Office at 208-616-5778.

OTHER

When livestock carcasses are located near campgrounds, roads, trails or water reasonable and appropriate action must be taken to remove any carcasses. The permittee will contact the District Ranger's Representative to discuss the problem and determine what action would be appropriate for each site specific instance. Although the Forest Service recognizes that disposal of carcasses is not always feasible in many situations there are a number of reasonable options available for the disposal of single or multiple carcasses. In most cases, carcasses should be moved at least 100 yards from campgrounds, roads, trails or water. Animal carcasses in highly visible areas need to be relocated to more remote areas.

The Forest Service's Motor Vehicle Use Rule is in place on the Mountain Home Ranger District. Public motorized, wheeled vehicle use is prohibited on all NFS lands except on routes that are designated on the current year's Motorized Vehicle Use Map. This AOI authorizes you and your employees to use wheeled motor vehicles off of designated routes for administrative use within your allotments and permitted dates for livestock management purposes. However, specific routes will need to be identified each year. If motor vehicle use is needed outside of your permitted dates please seek authorization from the District Ranger. See description of routes needed for administrative use below. This administrative use includes salting and herding of livestock, maintenance of range improvements, and forage utilization inspections. Use of heavy equipment, such as bulldozers or backhoes is **not** included in this authorization. Use of heavy equipment will need to be requested through and approved by the District Ranger on a case-by-case basis.

Routes Approved for Administrative Use:

Dixie Allotment:

- 1). Access to the Cow Creek-Cayuse Creek drift fence located at T1S R7E Section 11 NENE via existing road/ATV trail.
- 2). Access to the Cow Creek boundary fence located at T1S R7E Section 12 SESE via existing road/ATV trail.
- 3). Access to the Wilson Creek drift fence located at T1N R9E Section 31 SWNW via existing road/ATV trail.
- 4). Access to the Rec Village drift fence located at T1S R8E Section 15 NWSE via existing road/ATV trail.
- 5). Access to the Sproule-Wilson fence located at T1S R8E Section 10 NESW via existing road/ATV trail.
- 6). Access to the Cow Creek drift fence located at T1S R8E Section 6 NWSE via existing road/ATV trail.
- 7). Access to the Anderson Dam drift fence located at T1S R8E Section 11 SWSE via existing road/ATV trail.
- 8). Dixie Canal Road on FS road 164C.

- 9). Reed Place Road-existing road/ATV trail.
 10). Timmons Field Road-existing road/ATV trail.
 11). Powerline Road-existing road/ATV trail.
 12). Long Tom Ranch Road on FS road 143.

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Permittee	Date
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July For stephney kerkey	4-12-21
District/Ranger	Date